

**CHAPTER III**  
**THE GILBERT IVEY FAMILY**

**II. Gilbert Ivey**

**Gilbert Ivey**, son of **Adam and Elizabeth (?) Ivey**, of Surry (Brunswick) County, Virginia, received a State Land Grant for 250 acres of land on the south side of Meherrin River by Keaway Swamp. This grant was received on January 27, 1717, for which he paid 25 Shillings. This land was in Surry County, Virginia, but was land that was taken into Brunswick County. It was bounded by lands belonging to **Matthew Smart**. On March 11, 1725, **Gilbert Ivey** of North Carolina, leased this 250 acres of land to **John Mason** of Surry (Brunswick) County, Virginia, for 20 pounds. The transaction was recorded on July 13, 1725, at Merchant's Hope Courthouse in Prince George County, Virginia. **George Ivey** and **John Ivey**, brothers of **Gilbert Ivey**, witnessed the transaction.

**Gilbert Ivey** of Brunswick County, Virginia, received a State Land Grant for 290 acres of land in Brunswick County, Virginia, on the south side of Meherrin River September 28 1728. This land was bordered by lands belonging to **Matthew Smart, John Mason, Francis Steed, Michael Wall** and **Arthur Kavenaugh**.

A state Land Grant was received by **Gilbert Ivey**, of Brunswick County, Virginia, for 415 acres of land in Brunswick County on the south side of Meherrin River and the west side of Occaneeey Swamp. The Grant was dated September 28, 1728 and bordered land belonging to **Francis Steed**.

**Gilbert Ivey** lived in Granville County, North Carolina, (just south of Brunswick County, Virginia, separated by the State line) in 1725 and after 1728.

In later years there was a **Gilbert Ivey** listed in the 1870 U.S. Census of Lee County, Mississippi. This **Gilbert Ivey** was born in South Carolina circa 1817.

The name of **Gilbert Ivey's** wife has not been preserved. The children of **Gilbert Ivey** and his wife were:

- A. **Henry Ivey**
- B. **Charles Ivey**
- C. **Francis Ivey**
- D. **Peter Ivey**

The families of the children of **Gilbert Ivey** and his wife are as follows:

A. **Henry Ivey**. His wife's name was **Mary (?)**. He was listed on the Tax List of Granville, North Carolina in 1775. Family records state that **Henry Ivey** was born in Surry (Sussex) County, Virginia.

**Henry Ivey** was listed as a Drummer on the Muster Roll of **Captain Benjamin Sim's** Company of the Regiment of **Colonel William Eaton**, in Granville County, North Carolina, October 8, 1754.

On August 1, 1747 **Henry Ivey** sold to **James Ross** for 20 Pounds, 110 acres of land on the north side of the Tarr River, being part of the 300 acres granted to **Henry Ivey** on April 20, 1745.

On February 24, 1749 **William and Robert Southerland** sold to **Henry Ivey** for 13 Pounds, 130 acres of land on the north side of the Tarr River on the Southlands Mill swamp. This land was sold by **Henry Ivey** to **William Dilto** to on December 19, 1758 for 18 Pounds.

On March 4, 1752 **Samuel Lanier** of Duplin County, North Carolina, sold to **Henry Ivey** of Granville County, North Carolina, for 15 Pounds, 250 acres of land being part of land granted to Lanier for 500 acres on the north side of the Tarr River on Ivey's Swamp granted on June 20, 1749, this 250 acres between **Henry Ivey** and James Ross on the Rocky Branch.

On November 9, 1761, **Henry Ivey and his wife Mary** sold to Green Hill for 160 Pounds, 440 acres in Granville County, North Carolina on Fox Swamp, 190 acres granted to **Ivey** for 300 acres on April 20, 1745.

The children of **Henry Ivey and his wife Mary** (?) were:

1. **Joseph (Josiah) Ivey.**
2. **Benjamin Ivey.**
3. **Nathan Ivey.**
4. **William Hugh Ivey.**

The families of the children of **Henry Ivey and Mary** (?) were as follows:

1. **Joseph (Josiah) Ivey**, who was born circa 1728 and died circa 1810. He married **Elizabeth Travis**, daughter of a Methodist minister who served circuits in Virginia, South Carolina, Tennessee and Georgia. One source states that **Josiah Ivey** lived in South Carolina. The children of **Joseph (Josiah) and Elizabeth Travis Ivey** were:

- a. **John Ivey.** He was born circa 1750.

\* There was a **John Ivey** in Orange County, North Carolina, who could have been the above **John Ivey**. However, the author does not have absolute proof that **Joseph Ivey's** son, **John**, was the Revolutionary soldier. This **John Ivey** married **Mourning** (?) in 1778.

**Mourning (?) Ivey** stated that **Paterson Daniel, Benjamin Partin, Ellender Couch** and **Sally Gamage** were present at her wedding. This **John Ivey**, soldier in the Revolutionary war in the North Carolina Line, died on April 14, 1830. His widow, **Mourning**, applied for a pension on January 24, 1845 in Orange County, North Carolina, at the age of 90. "A son **Joseph Ivey** made aff'dt April 16, 1852 in Orange County, NC and stated his widowed mother died October 9, 1851 leaving children: **John, Joseph, Andrew & Sarah Ivey & Nancy Hoiden.**"

b. **Lucinda Ivey**, daughter of **Joseph (Josiah) and Elizabeth Travis Ivey.**

c. **Charles Ivey**, son of **Joseph (Josiah) and Elizabeth Travis Ivey.** He was born circa 1755 and died in 1820 in Clarke County, Alabama. He married **Mary Swancy.** The children born to this couple were:

(1) **John Ivey**, son of **Charles and Mary Swancy Ivey.** He was born circa 1780 and married **Elizabeth Trever.**

(2) **Joseph Burton Ivey**, son of **Charles and Mary Swancy Ivey.**

(3) **James Albert Ivey**, son of **Charles and Mary Swancy Ivey.** He was born circa 1800 in Tennessee and died during the War Between the States. He married **Lucinda (?)**. She was born December 20, 1810 and died on April 29, 1878 in Leon County, TX.

(4) **Thomas Rhodes Ivey**, son of **Charles and Mary Swancy Ivey.** He married **Mary Jane Trever.**

d. **Mary Ivey**, daughter of **Joseph (Josiah) and Elizabeth Travis Ivey.** She married her cousin, **John Ivey.**

e. **William Ivey**, son of **Joseph (Josiah) and Elizabeth Travis Ivey.**

2. **Benjamin Ivey**, son of **Henry and Mary (?) Ivey**, who married **Peggy Travis**, sister of **Elizabeth Travis** (wife of **Joseph Ivey**, his brother).

3. **Nathan Ivey**, son of **Henry and Mary (?) Ivey.** His wife's name is unknown to this writer. The children of **Nathan Ivey and Mary (?)** his wife were:

a. **Henry Ivey**

b. **Lott Ivey**

c. **John Anderson Ivey**

After the death of his first wife **Mary (?)**, **Nathan** married

a second time and had one son;

d. **David Ivey**

Families of the children of **Nathan and Mary (?) Ivey** were;

a. **Henry Ivey**, who was born in Orange County, North Carolina, circa 1754 and died in Grainger County, Tennessee, on July 27, 1834. He married **Jane Howell** on March 4, 1774 in Orange County, North Carolina. She was born in Virginia circa 1759 and died in Grainger County, Tennessee, after 1843.

**Henry Ivey** served as a private in the North Carolina Line during the American Revolution.

After the Revolutionary War, he moved his family to Grainger County, Tennessee, and then to Jefferson County, Tennessee. He applied for a pension (W4322) in Jefferson County, Tennessee on March 11, 1833 at the age of 79. He died on July 27, 1834. His wife applied for a widow's pension on June 5, 1840 in Grainger County, Tennessee, at the age of 81.

The children of **Henry Ivey** and his wife were:

- (1) **Philip Ivey**. He was born in 1780 and married **Lydia Daniels**.
- (2) **Delilah Ivey**. She was born in 1781 and married **Moses Hodges**.
- (3) **Benjamin Ivey**. He was born in 1787 in North Carolina. He married **Jane Mayes** who was born ca 1792 in Virginia. They were listed in the 1850 U.S. census of Grainger County, Tennessee with the following children;
  - (a) **William M. Ivey**, who was born ca 1825.
  - (b) **Elbert S. Ivey**, who was born ca 1827.
  - (c) **Patrick B. Ivey**, who was born ca 1830.
  - (d) **Susan Ivey**, who was born ca 1823.
- (4) **Thomas Ivey**. He was born in 1788 and married Susannah Hudson.
- (5) **John Ivey**. He was born in 1788 in North Carolina. He married **Elizabeth Kidwell** who was born ca 1792 in Tennessee. They were listed in the 1850 U.S. census of Grainger County, Tennessee with the following children;
  - (a) **Susan Ivey**, who was born ca 1834.
  - (b) **Alfred Ivey**, who was born ca 1840.

b. **Lott Ivey**. He married **Winifred (?)**. He was living in Surry County, North Carolina, when the State Census (1784 - 1787) was taken. **Lot Ivey** was listed with 2 males 21 to 60 years; 3 males under 21 and 3 females of all ages.

**Lott Ivey** was listed in the 1790 U.S. Census of Pendleton County (Ninety-Six District), South Carolina. He had 2 males of 16 years and upwards; 3 males under 16; and 5 females including heads of families.

**Lott Ivey** moved from South Carolina to Randolph County, Georgia, where he died in 1812. The land that he lived on later became part of Jasper County, Georgia. He left a will which is found in Jasper County Will Book A - 1808 - 1817, page 48. The will is dated August 11, 1812 and lists his wife, children and grandchild **Russel Jones** as heirs.

The will ;

"In the presence of God amen, I **Lot Ivie** of the county of Randolph and state of Georgia being in perfect mind and memory tho weak in body do make this my last will and testament disannulling all other Wills and Testaments -'

First - I recommend my soul to God who gives it and my body to be decently buried, and as to my worldly goods which it has pleased God to bestow on me, I give and bequeath as follows.'

1st all my just debts to be paid. 2nd I give and bequeath to my beloved wife **Winifred** all my household and kitchen furniture, with all my stock of horses and cattle, sheep and hogs excepting one bed and furnitures and one cow and yearling, during her natural life, likewise the part of my lot of land where I now live to be temporary line between my son **John** and myself excepting four acres where **John Jones** now lives, likewise I give and bequeath to my son **Benjamin Ivie**, the half lot of land where he now lives - likewise I give and bequeath to my son **John Ivie**, the part of my lot where he now lives so far as the temporary line between him and myself - **Benjamin Ivie** is to pay Thirty Dollars which is to equally divide between brothers and sisters excepting **John**, likewise **John Ivie** is to pay Thirty Dollars, to be divided among his brothers and sisters excepting **Benjamin** -Likewise I give and bequeath to my daughters Sally one bed and furniture, one cow and yearling.

Likewise I give and bequeath to my grandson **Russell Jones** four acres of the corner of my land beginning at a cherry tree corner running along **Jonah Hatcher's** line to a road, thence along the road, thence along the road to the corner of Jones fence, thence to **John Black's** line, thence along **Black's** line to the beginning.

I do constitute and appoint my wife **Winifred**, my son **Benjamin** and **John Ivie** to be my Lawful executors. I acknowledge this to be my last Will and Testament, this 11th day of August, 1812."

**Lott Ivie**

In presence of, **William Leverett, Betsey Leverett, John Black**

An inventory was made of the Estate of the late **Lot Ivie** on December 19, 1812 and listed the following;

1 Gray mare	1 Hogshead
1 Pot	1 Oven
1 Do	1 Weeding hoe
1 Dutch Oven	1 Pair sheep shears
1 Pair flat irons	3 vials
1 Looking glass	1 candlestick
1 Case knives and forks	5 Plates and dishes
6 Plates	5 Bowles
1 Dish, saucer and tea mug and pitcher	
Tumblers and 5 teaspoons	
2 Decanters and bottles	4 Pewter spoons
1 Small and large pail	1 Dresser
1 Churn	6 Shoats
1 Pair cotton cards	1 Spice mortan
1 Flax wheel	1 Razor
1 Cotton wheel	1 Handsaw
1 Foot adz	2 Augers
4 Chains	1 Ax
1 Drawing knife and wedge	
1 Bedstead	2 Beds and furniture
1 white cow and calf	1 cow and bell
1 Heifer	2 Yearlings
1 Mans saddle	
1 *Due bill on Green bearing date August 16th 1812	
Appraised Dec 19th 1812 by,	
John Black	
James Ponder	
Green Hill	

The children of **Lott and Winifred(?) Ivey** were:

(1) **John Ivey**. He was listed in the 1790 U.S. Census of Pendleton County, South Carolina, with 1 male 16 years of age and upward; 1 male under 16, and 2 females including heads of families. He moved to Randolph County, Georgia, with his father. This land is now located in Jasper County, Georgia.

(2) **Benjamin Ivey**.

(3) **Sally Ivey**.

(4) (?). a daughter who married (?) **Jones**.

(5) **Martha Ivey**, daughter of **Lott and Winifred Ivey**. She died in Fayette County, Georgia ca 1850. She married **Green B. Hill** ca 1795.

\*Note - The following information on the family of **Green B. Hill** and his wife **Martha Ivey** was provided by their descendant, **Byron Hill** of P.O. Box 120603, Nashville, Tn. 37212.

**Green B. Hill** was born ca 1775 in Virginia. He died between March 10, 1858 and 1860 and is buried in Gold Hill Cemetery, Graham, Randolph County, Alabama. He appeared on the 1800 U.S. census for Pendleton District, South Carolina but had moved to Franklin County, Georgia by 1805. He and his family were in Jasper County, Georgia by 1812. He began his military service on August 7, 1814 while living in Jasper County, Georgia. He signed on for six months service in the Creek War as a drummer in Captain Leonard worthy's Company, Georgia Militia. He was discharged at Fort Hawkins for disability that ended his military service on November 6, 1814.

He did not appear on the census of 1820 at Jasper County, Georgia. Georgia State Archives employees state that this census failed to cover a certain area of the County, and a number of families, including the family of **Green B. Hill** are missing. He and his wife **Martha Ivey Hill** appear on the 1830 census of Jasper County, Georgia.

By 1840, they had moved to Fayette County, Georgia. They became members of Bethsaida Baptist Church in Fayette County, Georgia on September 14, 1848.

On April 16, 1851 **Green B. Hill** was issued bounty land in Randolph County, Alabama for his prior military service. On December 23, 1854 he and his daughter **Mary A. Hill** resigned their membership in Bethsaida Baptist Church and moved to Randolph County, Alabama. They lived in the area where his son **Martin Hill** had established himself as a Baptist Minister.

He applied for bounty land again on March 31, 1855 as a result of the Federal Land Act approved the previous March 3rd, and was awarded land in Iowa, which he sold very shortly thereafter.

Children born to the marriage of **Green B. Hill** and his wife **Martha Ivey** were;

(a) **Burton B. Hill**, the son of **Green B. Hill** and his wife **Martha Ivey**, was born ca 1796 in South Carolina. He married **Nancy Morgan**.

(b) **Winifred Hill**, the daughter of **Green B. Hill** and his wife **Martha Ivey**, was born ca 1798 at Pendleton District, South Carolina. She married **Joseph S. Johnson**.

(c) **Martha Hill**, the daughter of **Green B. Hill** and his wife **Martha Ivey**, was born ca 1799 possibly in Pendleton District, South Carolina. She may have died young.

(c) **William Hill**, the son of **Green B. Hill** and his wife **Martha Ivey**, was born on November 22, 1800 at Pendleton District, South Carolina. He married **Mary Daniel Kirk**.

(d) **Mary A. Hill**, the daughter of **Green B. Hill** and his wife **Martha Ivey**, was born ca 1805 at Franklin County, Georgia. She appears in the 1860 Randolph County, Alabama census. She died before 1870 in Winston County, Alabama.

(e) **Elizabeth Hill**, the daughter of **Green B. Hill** and his wife **Martha Ivey**, was born on July 31, 1808 in Randolph County, Georgia. She married **Elisha Waiden**.

(f) **Isariah Hill**, the son of **Green B. Hill** and his wife **Martha Ivey**, was born ca 1809 in Randolph County, Georgia. He married **Mary Martin**.

(g) **Ivy Hill**, the son of **Green B. Hill** and his wife **Martha Ivey**, was born on November 6, 1810 in Randolph County, Georgia. He married **Lucy Jones**.

(h) **John Anderson Hill**, the son of **Green B. Hill** and his wife **Martha Ivey**, was born on November 13, 1813 in Jasper County, Georgia. He married first **Mary Howard**. He next married **Mary Jane Cook**.

(i) **Martin Hill**, the son of **Green B. Hill** and his wife **Martha Ivey**, was born ca 1815 in Jasper County,

c. **John Anderson Ivey**, son of **Nathan and Mary (?) Ivey**, was living with his brother **Lott Ivey** in the Pendleton District, South Carolina, in 1790. By 1799 both brothers had moved to Franklin County, Georgia. He and his family moved to Hall County, Missouri, where some of his sons



joined the Mormon Church and said that their father was from Randolph County, North Carolina.

d. **David Ivey**, son of **Nathan Ivey** and his second wife whose name is unknown to the author.

4. **William Hugh Ivey**, son of Henry and **Mary (?) Ivey**. He married **Elizabeth (?)**.

B. **Charles Ivey**, was the son of **Gilbert Ivey**. He was listed as a Tax Payer in Granville County, North Carolina, in 1755.

He was listed as a private in **Captain Benjamin Sim's** company on the Muster Roll of the Regiment of **Colonel William Eaton** in Granville County, North Carolina, on October 8, 1754.

On October 7, 1751, **Charles Ivey**, a planter, purchased 400 acres of land on Bear Swamp for 35 Pounds. The transaction was witnessed by his brother **Henry Ivey**.

On March 11, 1760, **William Russell** sold to **Charles Ivey** for 20 Pounds, 313 acres on Little Beaver Swamp at Ivey's corner and Pike's line.

C. **Francis Ivey**, the son of **Gilbert Ivey**, served in the Colonial Militia in Augusta County, Virginia, in 1763. A **Francis Ivey** was listed in Pittsylvania County, Virginia, Federal Census (1782-1785) with a total of 5 in the family.

In the 1810 U.S. census for Henry County, Virginia, there were listings for a **Francis Ivey**, **Gilbert Ivey**, and **Peter Ivey**.

In the 1820 U.S. Census for Henry County, Virginia, listed the following Ivey's as heads of families: **Francis Ivey**, **Gilbert Ivey**, **John Ivey Jr.**, **John W. Ivey** and **Peter Ivey**.

D. **Peter Ivey**, thought to be a son of **Gilbert Ivey**. He was listed in Court Minutes of Granville County, North Carolina, as being involved in a suit with Francis Parker on September 7, 1756.

The following information is for **Frederick Ivey**. He was probably connected to **Gilbert Ivey**, but the author has been unable to establish the relationship.

**Frederick Ivey** was listed in the 1782 state census for Mecklenburg County, Virginia, which is just north of Granville County, North Carolina, across their common state line. There are 6 white family members listed.

On December 14, 1795, a **Frederick Ivey** married **Prissey Stewart**. The **Reverend William Creath** performed the ceremony.

He made his will on June 30, 1819 and the will was recorded May 25, 1821.

**Frederick and Prissey Stewart Ivey** had the following children:

1. **Margaret Ivey**. She married **William Kirsey** on December 5, 1822, in Mecklenburg County, Virginia.

2. **Olivera Ivey**. She married **John Nash** on December 11, 1823 in Mecklenburg County, Virginia.

3. **Catherine Ivey**. She married **William Mitchell** on November 7, 1836 in Mecklenburg County, Virginia.

4. **George Ivey**

5. **Frederick Ivey**

6. **William Ivey**

7. **Elizabeth (Betsy) Ivey**. She married **William Chairs** on March 6, 1819 in Mecklenburg County, Virginia. She was dead by 1821. A child of **William and Elizabeth Ivey Chairs**, **James Frederick Chairs**, was mentioned in the will of **Frederick Ivey** and received his mother's part of the estate.

**Missouri Ann Ivey**, probably a granddaughter of **Frederick Ivey**, married **Lewis Hawkins** in Mecklenburg County, Virginia on April 26, 1849.